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founded on a nearly complete skeleton. Under *Hedronchus sternbergi*, the recorder isolates the remark of the author that the typical specimen "has the appearance of the crown of a young tooth," thus conveying the impression that the author described it believing it to be such. This is really culpable carelessness. Page 281; *Tichosteus lucasani* is said to have been founded on teeth; its teeth are really unknown. *Clepsydrops limbatus* is said to be from the Dakota beds of Colorado; it is described from the Texas Permian. Same page; "A (?) crocodilian tooth named *Suchoprion cyphodon*;" the text of the paper quoted states in several places that several teeth represent this species. Page 290, *Diceratherium* is called "the Eocene rhinoceros." The American species are Miocene. Page 291, "The beds this fossil ('Atlantosaurus') comes from are Jurassic and Cretaceous." No genus of reptiles is known to be common to the Jurassic and Cretaceous in America, least of all the one in question.

THE MIDLAND NATURALIST.¹—Twenty-four monthly numbers of this valuable journal have been published for the years 1878-9. It represents the scientific activity of twenty-four scientific societies or field-clubs of the Midland Counties of England. The contributions embrace some of the best known names in natural history in England, as Allport, Cobbold, Gosse, Jeffreys, Whittaker, Woodward, &c. The discovery of specimens of animals previously unknown to England by members of the societies, and first published in this journal, is a matter of interest. Much that is of local interest and much new matter will be found in its pages, with a full synopsis of the proceedings of the various societies.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN HEALTH RESORTS.²—This is a thorough work on the sanitary conditions presented by the high altitudes of Colorado and its vicinity, by an enthusiast in this study. Dr. Denison has been pursuing his studies in this direction for several years. He is a practicing physician at Denver, Colorado. He has produced a real monograph on the subject which ought to prove of great service to our people visiting the Rocky Mountain region in search of health or rest. The book is well illustrated with maps, diagrams and tables, and the observations are systematically and clearly arranged. Consumption in all its aspects is treated in detail, as indeed all forms of pulmonary diseases.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DAVENPORT ACADEMY OF NATURAL SCIENCES.—The second part of the second volume of this enterprising society evinces the same energy and self-sacrifice which

¹ *The Midland Naturalist*. The Journal of the Associated Natural History, Philosophical and Archæological Societies and Field Clubs of the Midland Counties. Edited by E. W. BADGER and W. J. HARRISON, F.G.S. Birmingham, England.

² *Rocky Mountain Health Resorts*. An analytical study of high altitudes in relation to the arrest of chronic pulmonary diseases. By CHARLES DENISON, M.D. pp. 192.